

### THE SHIFTING OF POPULATION TO CITIES AND ITS EFFECTS

(Written Specially For The Bulletin.) pending on hard facts, the sconer we accept it and shape our habits accordingly the wiser we shall show ourselves. Written Specially For The Bulletin.)

I wonder if you noticed the recent statement from the census bureau that 54.314.475 of the inhabitants of this country live—or did live when the census of 1920 was taken—in towns of over 2.500 population. There are 2.739 municipalities of this class in the United States.

What is even more suggestive is the fact that about three-quarters of these are crowded in the 287 cities having over 25.000 inhabitants each.

I forcet at this moment just what the

I forget at this moment just what the 1920 census made the total population of the country, but it is air enough, I fancy, to assume that at least one-half of our people now live in cities, viladinistration the new control is going to bring about. It is fairly clear that that a good third of the total popular.

of our people now live in cities, villages or other like communities. And that a good third of the total population is congested in the bigger cities.

When the United States first became a country there wasn't half-a-dozen cities in it and even they were hardly more than would be called villages, now. Philadelphia was Ne only one with as many as 50,000 inhabitants. New York city had but 22,000. Boston about the same, The vast majority of the people were farmers. When to the number of those actively cultivating the soil were added the thousands of fishermen from every little hamlet along the Atlantic coast, and the other thousands of hunters and trappers and lumbermen who the majority and work the lained frontiers and kentled the nation must still have a deep intergie from the third grade to the high ers and trappers and lumbermen who fringed the inland frontiers and kept pushing steadily further back for the benefit of the farmers moving them-when all these were added together the remainder, comprising city residents, was so small as to be practically insignifi-

That was the character of the population for which the founders of the new nation made a constitution, and planned a scheme of government.

The first president was a Virginia farmer, who, having led the Continental armies to victory, promptly returned to his beloved farm at Mount Vernon to his beloved farm at Mount Vernon to resume what he regarded as a much better and more worth-wille life. From that farm he was conscripted, sorely against his will, to act as the first civil chief magistrate. And from the presidence, after eight years, he joyfully returned to that same farm and took up once more the work of an active farmer.

er.

That was the way we began: a reral community, made up of simple-living, hard-handed and hard-hearted countrymen, fitly led by men of their own
class who were inspired by their own
spirit. In much the same course we
kept on for the first half century, As
a singular illustration of the success
which we achieved in foreign and impartial eyes during those early days, let
me quote an extract from a letter from
Sydney Smith, the famous English essayist and divine, to Lord Jeffrey of
Edinburg. The letter is dated Nov. 23,
1815:

I doubt if there ever was an instance "I doubt if there ever was an instance of a new people conducting their affairs with so much wisdom, or if there ever was such an extensive scene of human happiness and prosperity." In another letter to Earl Grey, dated only a week later, the same writer says:

"There is nothing so curious and interesting as the rapidity with which the Americans are spreading themselves."

Americans are spreading themselves over that immense continent." \* \* They are a very sensible people; and seem to have conducted their affairs. mpon the whole, very well.

Their economy and their chean government will do some good in this country (England) by way of example. Their allowance to Monroe (their president) is £5,000 per annum; and he finds his own victuals, fire and candies.

victuals, fire and candies!"

You will observe that there has been some change in the matters of governmental "economy" and "wisdom," so flatteringly described as American characteristics by this critic of a little over a hundred years ago. Very few people, whether at home or abroad, would write in such terms, now. Is it a case of cause and effect or is it a mere coincidence that the change should have occurred simultaneously with the excessive and top-heavy development of city life?

We'll have to leave that to profounder students to answer. That the two tendencies have grown, side by side, can't be denied, whatever we may think about their relationships to each other.

The census flaures make cleam that

about their relationships to each other.

The census figures make cleam that at least half the entire population of the land is now a city population. In the eastern states which you and I know seet, such as Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Jonnecticut. New York, New Jersey and Peansylvania, the proportion is even greater. In all these states the city population in a clear majority. What was formerly the tall is now either was sing the dog or perfectly capable of doing it whenever occasion Taises. There has been a complete revenual in the source of power as well as in the ideals of government from the days when a nation of farmers, led by a practical farmer, started out on its new career.

We of the farms think what we pleas

We of the farms think what we pleased about the healthfulness of this change. That is our privilege and our right. But, whatever we think, we can't change the fact. And, as this life is, in the main, a very practical affair, built on and de-



### **PRESEVERANCE**

A swallow in the spring Came to our granary, and beneath the eaves Essayed to make a nest, and there did bring Wet earth and straw and leaves. Day after day she toiled

Some sad mishap the tiny fabric spoiled

She found the ruin wrought; But, not cast down, forth from the place she flew, And with her mate fresh earth and grasses brought,

But scarcely had she placed The last soft feather on its ample floor, When wicked hands, or chance, again laid waste, And wrought the ruin o'er.

But still her heart she kept, And toiled again; and last night, hearing calls, I looked, and, lo! three little swallows slept Within the earth-made walls.

What truth is here, O man! Hath hope been smitten in its early dawn? Have clouds o'ercast thy purpose, truth, or plan?

Have faith, and struggle on!

(R. S. S. Andros in the Philadelphia Bulletin)

life; in Kansas a majority of them farm-ers. Give 75 per cent. of them a sev-ers. Give 75 per cent. of them a sev-good results. What a damnable schem the farmers whose forefathers founded the nation must still have a deep interest, if not in partisan politics, at least in the larger problems of statesmanship, in the country's future.

School Round them up in a strange town, under strange influences all of the bunch strangers to each other. Put in two rooms, where one-third in two rooms. If has been a long time since I have read anything with as much interest as a recent editorial by William Alden White, the famous Kansas journalist. It is entitled "Why Is a Legislature?" I do not approve of its tendency to profanity, any more than you, but it has a vixor of thought and a raciness of language which I feel sure some of you will find as bracing as I did. And it probes with a keen lancet one of the public sores which have developed from our attempt to continue feeding a 1921 country on a 1789 diet. Mr. Allen answers his question "Why Is a Legislature" in this way:

"Take 175 men out of all walks of the professions that most of them never heard of; in this guestion "Why Is a Legislature" in this way:

"Take 175 men out of all walks of

THE PORTEOUS & MITCHELL CO.

ONLY TWO MORE DAYS OF .

OUR 48th ANNIVERSARY SALE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We arranged an extraordinary store-wide celebration of our Forty-eighth Anniversary. Selected lines of most desirable merchandise were assembled in every department.

These lines were very much reduced in price—the values are as good as it is possible

for us to make them—we aimed to make this the most successful birthday event in our

And there are two more days! In every department there

that is to guarantee mis-government. If the devil himself planned it, he couldn't have done better,
"It was designed for another age, and

if worked well in the country that was fifty years ago. But it does not work now. It only plays well. "The first thing to do with the leg-islature is to abolish it." What do you think of that for a "breezy" western expression?

worked well in the country that was

We are drifting towards a city-ex

Cuticura Soap -Imparts-The Velvet Touch

With patient art, but, ere her work was crowned, And dashed it to the ground,

And built her nest anew.

## THE FARMER.

Apparently, this is working pretty well in most cases; better than the old

COLUMBIA The state highway department has closed the read being built from the Center towards Hebron at the four corners west of the residence of L. E. Winter, during the completion of necessary repairs and have arranged a detour northerly from the Center, by way of Columbia Lake. Victor Brousseau, tax collector, stat-

Victor Brousseau, tax collector, stated that Thursday, the first day for the payment of taxes, he received 1,518.65, the total amount due being \$10,268.84, from 431 individuals or firms.

There will be a demonstration of the

trolled government in both state and na-tion. The most noticeable tendency in progressive cities today, is that towards a complete abolition of the old style of city government.

When cities first organized local gov-that evening abolition to take When etties first erganized local governments, they took copy from the state and provided an executive under the name of mayor and a legislature.

PENDLE |

### PENDLETON HILL

Miss Rilia Chapman left Sunday for Westerly, where she will stay with Mrs. Harriet Wolcott during the spring. Mr. and Mrs. J. Morton Cook and daughter Barbara of Stonington, also Mrs. Frank Brown and daughter Betty of Ashaway, were dinner guests at the usually consisting of two branches, one sometimes called "common council," analogous to the national house of representatives, and one "board of aldermen," analogous to the national senten," analogous to the national senten, and one "board of aldermen," analogous to the national senten, and council, and put that this system is not only cumbersome, but that it is also extravagant, inefficient, and put rescent with corruption. Several hundred have already abolished it. In its place they have substituted a "city manager" scheme in which just one man, assisted by a small cabinet of assistants, each one an expert in some one line of city work, does all the city's business and takes all sounday.

Miss Rilla Chapman left Sunday for Westerly, where she will stay with Mrs. Harriet Wolcott during the spring. Mr. and Mrs. J. Morton Cook and daughter Barbara of Stonington, also Mrs. Frank Brown and daughter Betty of Ashaway, were dinner guests at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson Sunday. Mrs. Rown and Mrs. Cook attenday. Mrs. Rown and Mrs. Cook attenday all the city's business and takes all the city's business and takes all sounday.

guest of Clark Coon Saturday evening and Sunday. does all the city's business and takes all

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bentley of White Rock attended church Sunday morning and afterward were entertained by Mr. scheme, anyway. Apparently, also, it is the system to which many other cities are tending. As urban control of states and nation consolidates its grip, are we going to see a similar change in state and national governments? Stranger things have happened. and Mrs. Clifford Thompson, who also entertained Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hillard and Miss Lucile Wheeler of North Ston-

ington in the evening.

W. E. Almy and C. H. Cettrell have purchased new horses. Henry Johnson, fire warden in this part of the town, with a force of men, was called out Tuesday evening for a fire near

School began the spring term Monday. There was no vacation. Miss Katherine Thompson is a new pupil.

W. H. Manning of Norwich was through this place recently.

### CLARK'S CORNERS

Mrs. Hessie Wade was in New London Sunday.

Musterole Works Without the Blister-Easier, Quicker

There's no sense in mixing a messive finustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of mustard plasters, and will not blister.

Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, seuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurssy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and achies of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, trosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonis).

35c and 65c jers; hospital size \$3.00



to attend the Murray-Watzon wedding Thursday.

Carlton H. Watte of Webster, Mine

was in town over the week end. Mrs. Evans is in New York.
Mrs. John Navins is reported as gaining at St. Joseph's hospital. Williamstic.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stebbins and family
of Jewett City were at Allen Jewett's

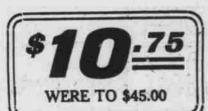
# Two-Day Sale

TODAY AND TOMORROW ONLY

# 63 Dresses

The materials are Tricotine, Mignonette, Crepe-de-Chine, Taffetas and Satins.

WOMEN'S SIZES



MISSES' SIZES

This price does not even cover the cost of materials—Need we say more—Except -Come Early.

We take this means to effect a quick clearance. The dresses represent an accumulation of odd garments but perfect in every detail. We repeat—Come Early!!

No Alterations

No Exchanges

For Today and Tomorrow Only

TWO-DAY SALE OF 200 SHIRTWAISTS

Heavy quality Georgette and hand-made Batiste and Voile Waists; trimmed with real Filet Laces.

The styles include Dresses and Tailored Models, in a large variety of the season's best styles, including Overblouses and Tie-back Models, long and short sleeves - Colors white, flesh, bisque, gray, honey dew and navy-sizes 36 to 46. Wonderful values.

The Manhallan

121-125 MAIN STREET

## are Special Anniversary Values for Friday and Saturday.

SILVERWARE During Anniversary Week we will make a special offering of Oneida Community Plate Silverware -the beautiful "Monroe" pattern - at

very special prices. Silverware Specials Sugar Shells, value 60c—Price Butter Knives, value 65c-Price Cream Ladles, value \$1.15-Price Cold Meat Forks, value \$1.20

Price each 90c

Gravy Ladles, value \$1.50 —

Price each \$1.10 Tea Spoons, value \$1.75-Set of Berry Spoons, value \$2.00 Price each ..... Dessert Knives, value \$3.30 -Set of six for \$2.50 66-inch All-Linen Table Damask-ANNIVERSARY PRICE ...... \$1.48 Table Spoons, value \$3,50 -Set of six for ..... Dinner Forks, value \$3.50—Set of six for \$2.60

Bouillan Spoons, value \$3.50—
Set of six for \$2.60

Dessert Knives, value \$4.15 —
Set of six for \$3.10 Dinner or Medium Knives, value \$4,25—Set of six ...... \$3,20

## ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS IN KITCHENWARE

Wall Dryers, eight arms, value \$1.25, at ..... Sheldon's Electric Iron, with cord and stand, value \$5.95, at \$4.95

## Anniversary Sale Specials In SPRING WASH GOODS

Anniversary Sale Specials In

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS

36-inch Brown Sheeting, very special value — ANNIVERSARY PRICE 5 YARDS FOR

36-inch Brown Sheeting, heavier grade—ANNIVERSARY PRICE 4 YARDS FOR

20 dozen of the well-known "Pequot" Pillow Cases—ANNIVER-SARY PRICE

One lot of Unbleached Sheets, with no center seam, medium grade—ANNIVERSARY PRICE

50 dozen Turkish Wash Clothes-ANNIVERSARY PRICE 12 FOR

Size 15-inch Napkins-ANNIVERSARW PRICE EACH ..... One lot of Fancy Jacquard Turkish Towels, assorted colorings, former prices as high as 69c—ANNIVERSARY PRICE 2 FOR......

25 dezen, extra heavy Bleached Turkish (Towels-ANNIVERSARY PRICE .

10 dozen, heavy-weight Union Linen Towels - ANNIVERSARY PRICE

58-inch Bleached Table Damask-ANNIVERSARY PRICE A YARD

70-inch extra heavy All-Linen Table Damask — ANNIVERSARY PRICE

100 Bath Rugs, assorted grades, subject to slight imperfections, regular value \$1.98 to \$3.98—ANNIVERSARY PRICE

27-inch White Domet Flannel, good quality — ANNIVERSARY PRICE 4 YARDS FOR 36-inch Dress Percales, new Spring designs, in checks, stripes and figures, light grounds—ANNIVERSARY PRICE 3 YARDS FOR..... 27-inch Dress Ginghams, fine quality, newest Spring designs, in checks, plaids and stripes—ANNIVERSARY PRICE 3 YARDS FOR Best quality, 27-inch Outing Flannel, checks, stripes and plaids—ANNIVERSARY PRICE 3 YARDS FOR Peggy Cloth, 32 inches wide, stripes and plain colors, for Children's wear-ANNIVERSARY PRICE 21/2 YARDS FOR.....

THE PORTEOUS & MITCHELL CO.